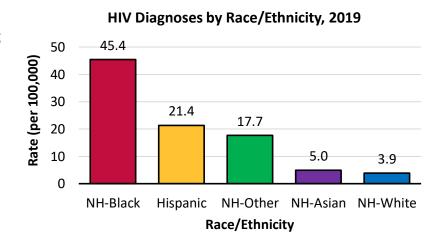


HIV BY RACE/ETHNICITY IN MARYLAND, 2019

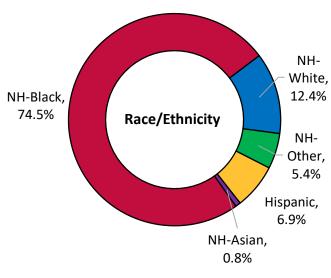
SEPTEMBER 2020

New HIV Diagnoses in Maryland

- Of the 931 reported new HIV diagnoses in 2019 in Maryland, 74.1% were among NH-Blacks, and 11.0% were NH-White.
- AIDS diagnosis rates in 2019 were up to 13 times higher among NH-Blacks (24.2 per 100,000) as compared to all other races.
- Of Marylanders living with HIV, NH-Blacks have the highest estimated number that remain undiagnosed (10.5%), as of 2018.



Characteristics of Marylanders Living with HIV



- 74.5% of the 31,630 Marylanders living with diagnosed HIV in 2019 were NH-Black.
- HIV rates are highest among NH-Blacks (1,552.1 per 100,000 people), which is 10 times higher than the NH-White rate (149.3). 1 in 64 NH-Blacks in Maryland were living with diagnosed HIV.
- High HIV rates were also experienced by NH-Multiracial (1,716.8) and Hispanic (455.5) individuals.
 1 in 220 Hispanics in Maryland were living with diagnosed HIV.
- 42.1% of NH-Blacks reported HET exposure, while MSM was the most common exposure among NH-White (61.8%), and Hispanic (51.5%) persons.
- Of the total Marylanders living with HIV who had a viral load test reported in 2019, viral suppression was lowest among NH-Blacks (87.6%).

NH: Non-Hispanic | HET: Heterosexual Contact | MSM: Male-to-male Sexual Contact

Center for HIV Surveillance, Epidemiology and Evaluation Prevention and Health Promotion Administration Maryland Department of Health http://phpa.health.maryland.gov/OIDEOR/CHSE Multiple imputation was used to estimate and adjust for missing exposure category.

Data represents adults and adolescents (ages 13+) only.

Data reported through 06/30/2020 from the Maryland Enhanced HIV/AIDS Reporting System (eHARS).